# Norwegian regulatory requirements to well Integrity for CO2 injection wells and legacy well assessment

**NINA RINGØEN** 

**Drilling & Well technology** 





## Norwegian Ocean Industry Authority HAVTIL

## Regulatory responsibility for

- safety,
- working environment,
- emergency preparedness and
- security

in Norway's ocean industry.

Reports to the Ministry of Energy



### Horisont Energi AS 100% Equinor Low Carbon Solution AS (o) 99,9% Equinor Refining Norway AS 0,1% Northern Lights JV DA 100% EXL011 Harbour Energy Norge AS (o) 60% Aker BP ASA (o) 80 % TotalEnergies EP Norge AS 40% ORLEN Upstream Norway AS 20 % Equinor Low Carbon Solution AS 100% Equinor Low Carbon Solution AS (o) 50% Aker BP ASA 50% Vår Energi CCS AS (o) 40% OMV (Norge) AS 30% Lime Petroleum AS 30% Vår Energi CCS AS (o) 40 % INPEX Idemitsu Norge AS 30 % Storegga Norge AS 30 % Harbour Energy Norge AS (o) 60% Stella Maris CCS AS 40% Harbour Energy Norge AS (o) 60% Equinor Low Carbon Solution AS 40% Aker BP ASA (o) 50% OMV (Norge) AS 50% Equinor Low Carbon Solution AS 100% Equipor Low Carbon Solution AS 1009 nod1632 v3 z31

## CO2 storage on the NCS

**EL 001**: Northern Lights JV DA (Aurora/2019)

**EXL 002**: Equinor LCS (Smeaheia / 2022)

**EXL 003**: Horisont Energi AS (Polaris/2022)

EXL 004: Harbour Energy, Total Energies (Luna/2022)

**EXL 005:** Aker BP and OMV (Poseidon/2023),

**EXL 006:** Harbour Energi and Stella Maris CCS (Havstjerne/2023)

**EXL 007:** Vår Energi, INPEX Idemitsu, Storegga (Trudvang/2023)

**EXL 008:** Equinor LCS AS (Albondigas/2024)

**EXL 009:** Vår Energi, OMV, Lime Petroleum (Iroko/2024)

**EXL 010:** Equinor LCS AS (Kinno/2024)

**EXL 011:** Aker BP/ ORLEN Upstream (Atlas/2024)

**EXL 012:** Harbour Energy / Equinor LCS, (Kaupang/2024)

EXL 013: Equinor LCS / Aker BP (Forsete/2024)

**EXL 014:** Equinor LCS (Fritos/2025)

As of 06.11.2025 www.sodir.no

EL: Exploitation license EXL: Exploration license



## Legislation for CO2-transport and injection

#### **European Union**

#### **Directive 2009/31/EC**

Geological storage of carbon dioxide

#### **Ministry of Energy**

#### Regulation for CO<sub>2</sub> storage and transport

 Regulations relating to exploitation of subsea reservoirs on the continental shelf for storage of CO<sub>2</sub> and transport of CO<sub>2</sub>

### **Ministry of Climate and the Environment**

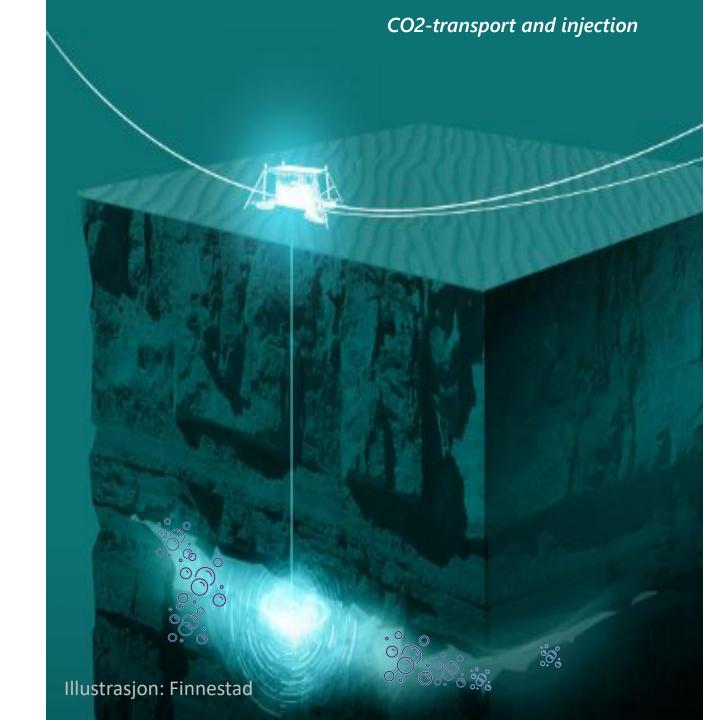
#### **Pollutions Regulations**

• Part 7A / chapter 35 in existing Pollutions Regulations

### **Norwegian Ocean Industry Authority (Havtil)**

#### **CO<sub>2</sub> safety regulations**

 Regulations relating to safety and working environment for transport and injection of CO<sub>2</sub>

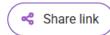


## CO<sub>2</sub> safety regulations

## **CO2** safety regulations

Regulations relating to safety and working environment for transport and injection of CO<sub>2</sub> on the continental shelf

§ 17 Drilling and well systems and drilling and well activities

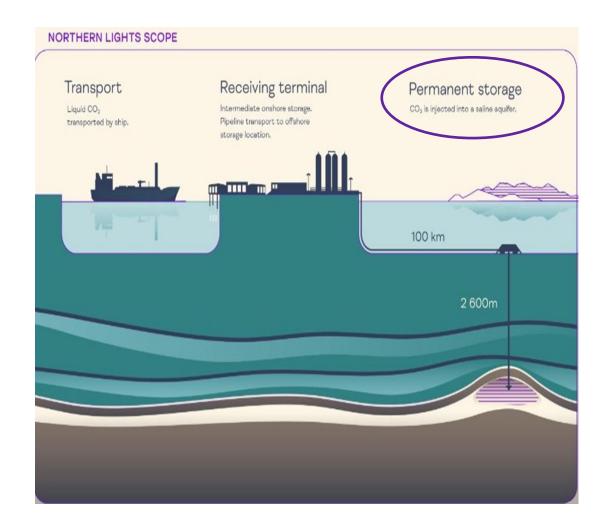


The requirements that apply to drilling and well systems in <u>Chapter VIII of the Facilities Regulations</u> and to drilling and well activities in <u>Chapter XV of the Activities Regulations</u>, apply correspondingly to the scope of these regulations.

Last changed: 25 February 2020

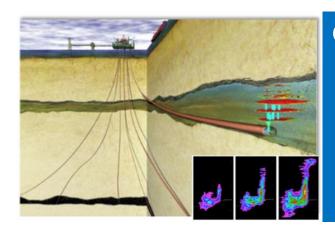
Guidelines and audit reports with nonconformities related to the section





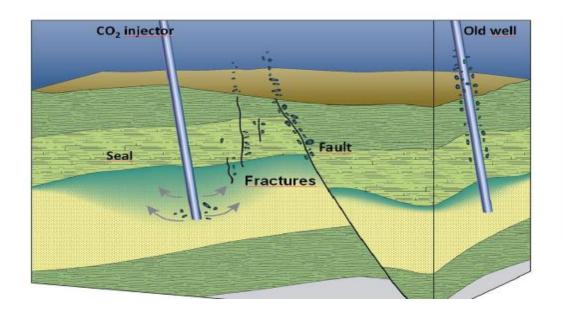


## **CO2 Safety Regulation § 11**



### CO<sub>2</sub> SAFETY REGULATION §11

The consequences for the well barriers of existing wells in the CO<sub>2</sub> storage complex shall be accounted for.



### **GUIDANCE LEVEL**

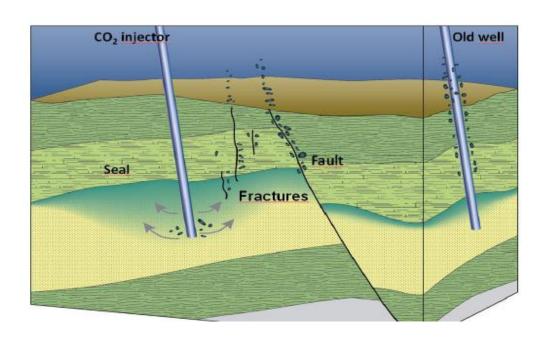
- > By existing wells is meant wells that are in use and temporarily or permanently abandoned wells.
- ➤ To assess the well barriers to existing wells when storing CO<sub>2</sub>, <u>DNVGL-RP-J203 Section 7</u>
- > and ISO 27914 Chapter 7.6 should be used.

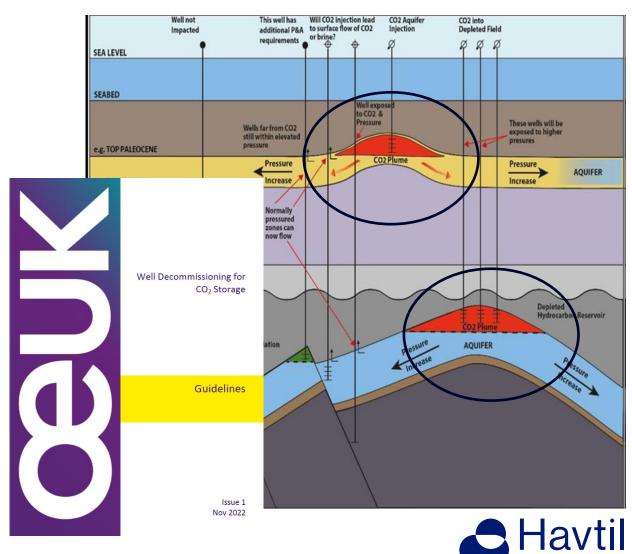


## Assessment of wells in storage complex

**Legacy wells\*:** A well that has already been decommissioned according to legacy standards and inherited by the CO2 storage operator.

**Saline Aquifers:** CO2 storage in aquifers is likely to be accompanied by a long-term pressure increase, above initial formation fluid pressures.





(\*OEUK – Guideline for Well Decomissioning for CO2 storage)

## The European Commission Guidance Documents to the CCS Directive 2024

#### Guidance documents

Guidance Document 1 ⊕: CO₂ Storage Life Cycle and Risk Management Framework

Guidance Document 2 ( Characterisation of the Storage Complex, CO<sub>2</sub> Stream Composition, Menitoring and Corrective Measures

- Guidance Document 3 ( Criteria for Transfer of Responsibility to the Competent Authority
- Guidance Document 4 (\*\*): Financial Security and Financial Contribution





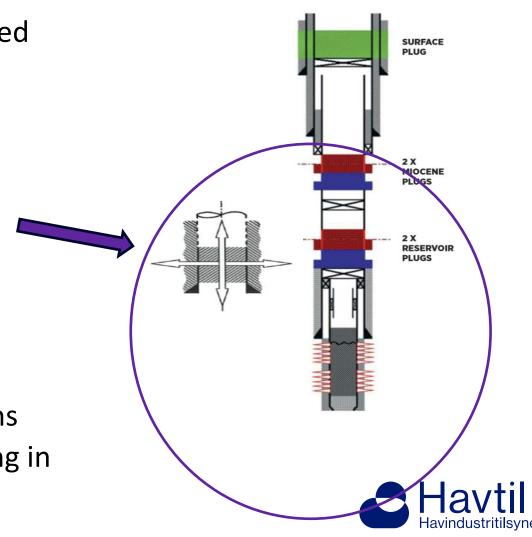
## Legacy well assessment and CO2 exploration wells

➤ CO2 storage in aquifers is likely to be accompanied by a long-term pressure increase, above initial formation fluid pressures.

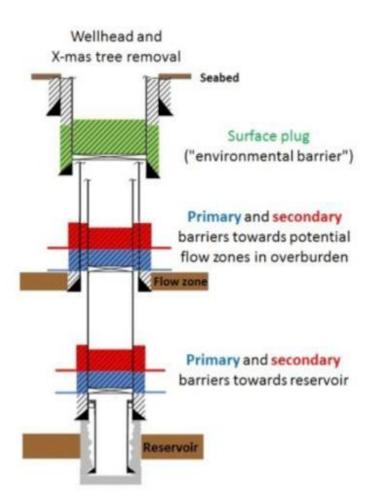
Exploration well barriers that were designed assuming initial formation pressure should be evaluated carefully.

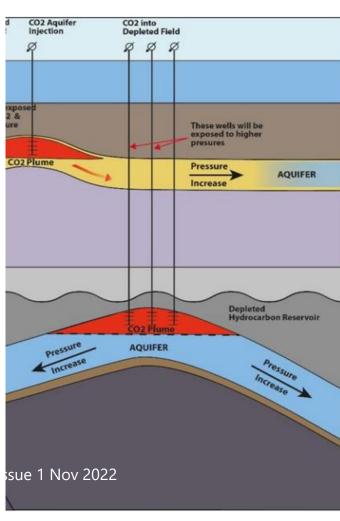
➤ Legacy well barriers will have to be located in competent formation.

➤ Well data across aquifers or geological formations without HC is typically limited (exploration drilling in overburden).



## Legacy well assessment in storage complex





- Long term pressure increase, above initial formation fluid pressure
  - Minimum depth of integrity
- CO2 as supercritical fluid
  - Carbonic acid and corrosion in well materials and cement in aquifers
- Cyclic pressure and temperature effects can affect well integrity if discontinuous injection
- CO2 migration with time and trapping mechanisms to be evaluated

## Collaboration with other authorities and industry partners is key





Norwegian Environment Agency





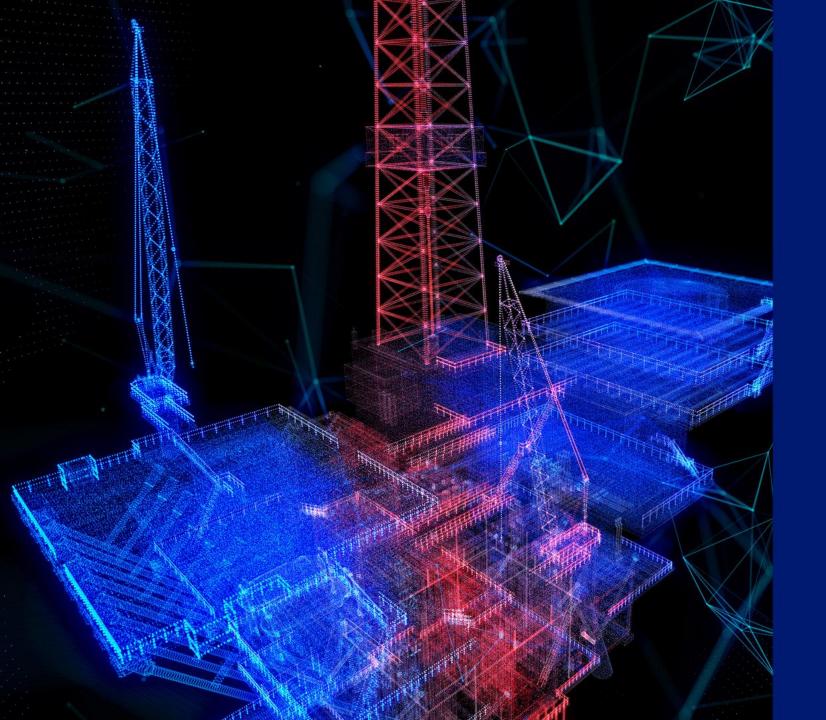












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