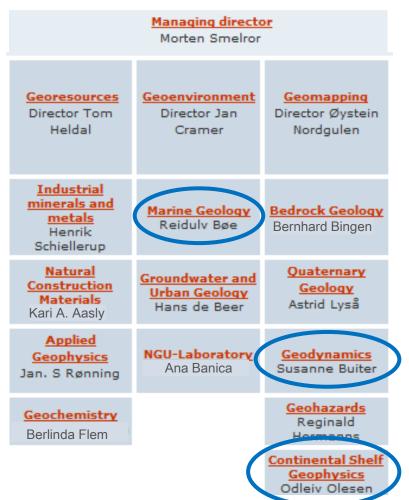
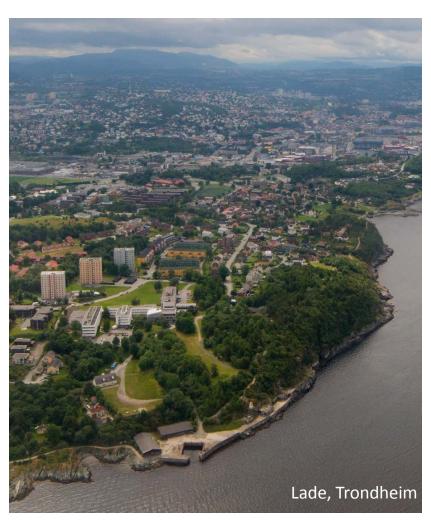


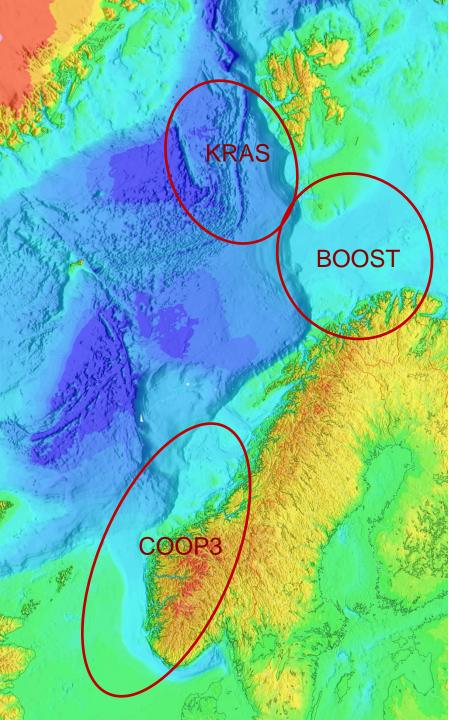
Geological Survey of Norway Geoscience organisation











New research projects at NGU

BOOST Barents Onshore-Offshore Structural and

Thermal Modelling

COOP3 Crustal Onshore-Offshore Project 3

NAG-TEC2 Northeast Atlantic Geoscience Tectono-

stratigraphic Atlas 2

BASE2 Petroleum in weathered and fractured

basement 2

KRAS Knipovich Ridge Aeromagnetic Survey



Aeromagnetic data

bayerngas



























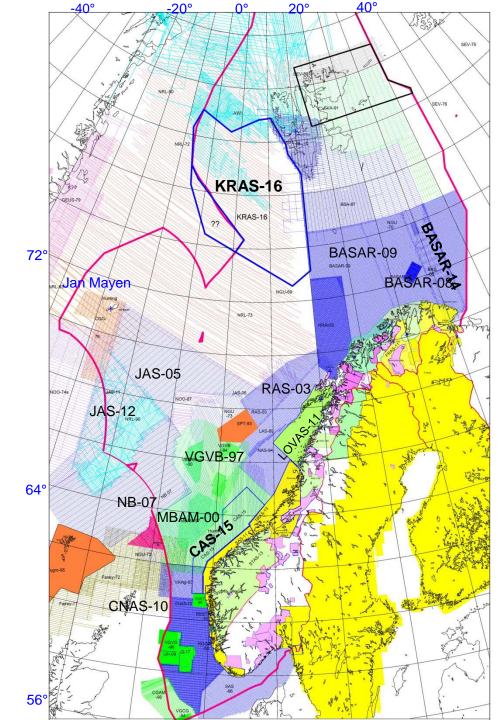










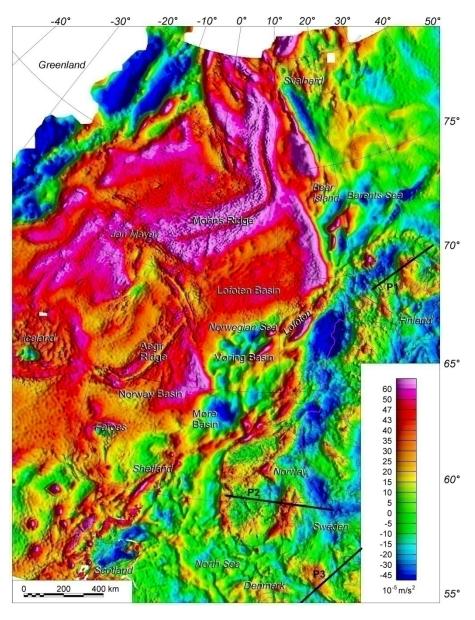


Aeromagnetic compilation

140 -15 -35 60° -50 -70 -105 -125 -145 -170 -200 -250 -340

55°

Gravity compilation Isostatic residual



Coop

Crustal onshore-offshore projects

Main objectives

- Basement characterization
 - **Heat production**
 - Lithology
 - **Deep weathering**
- Depth to basement
- Fault zones (onshore-offshore)
- Dyke swarms
- 2D & 3D crustal modelling
- 3D thermal modelling
- Geodynamic and tectonic interpretations

- Subcrop pattern
- Quaternary sand channels



































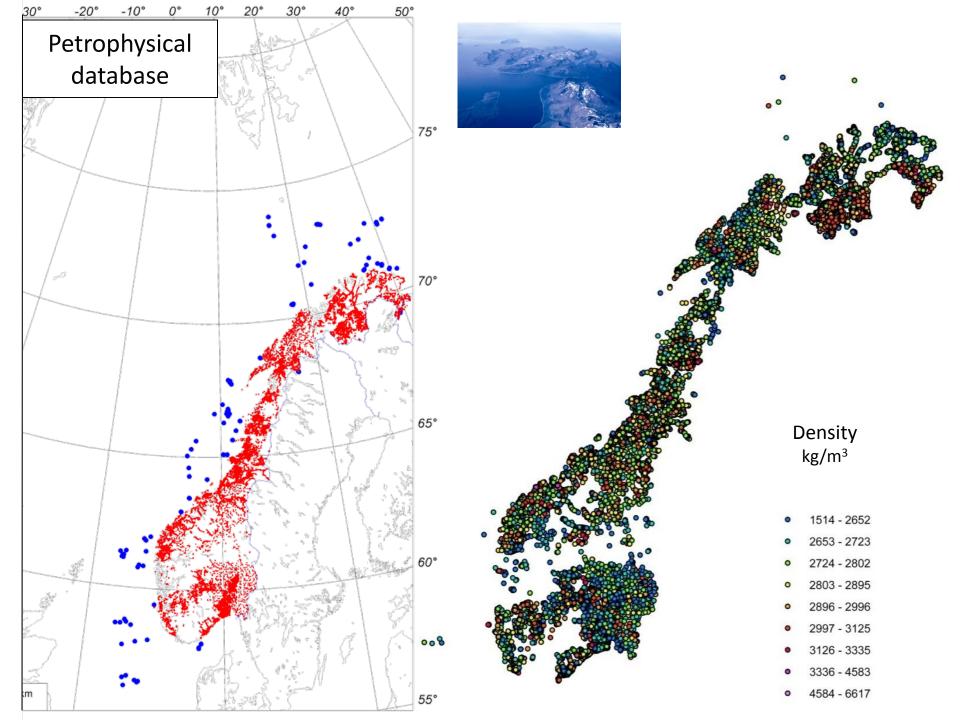


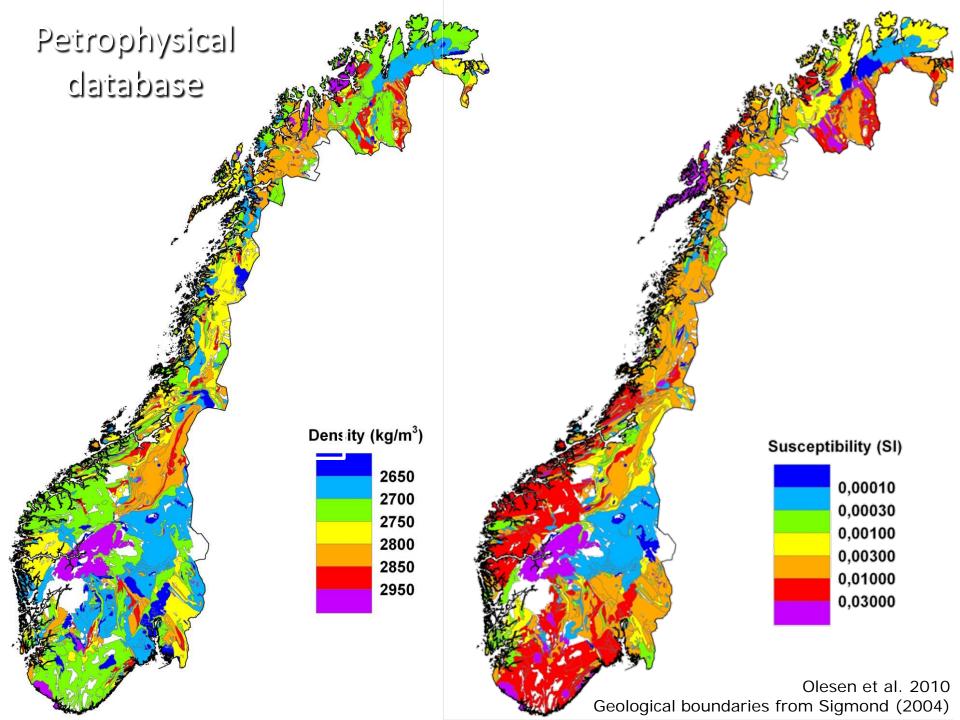




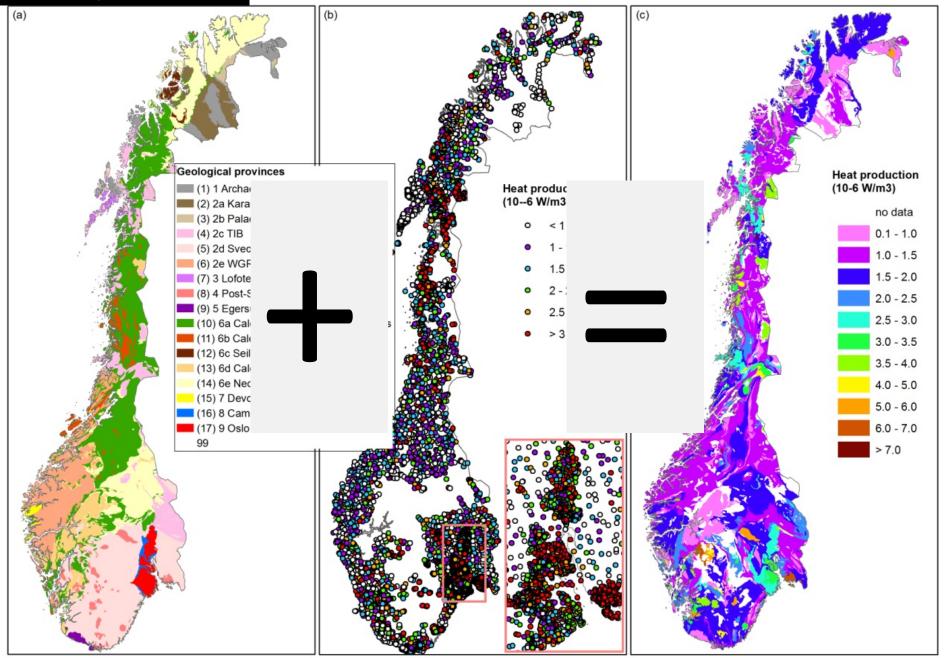






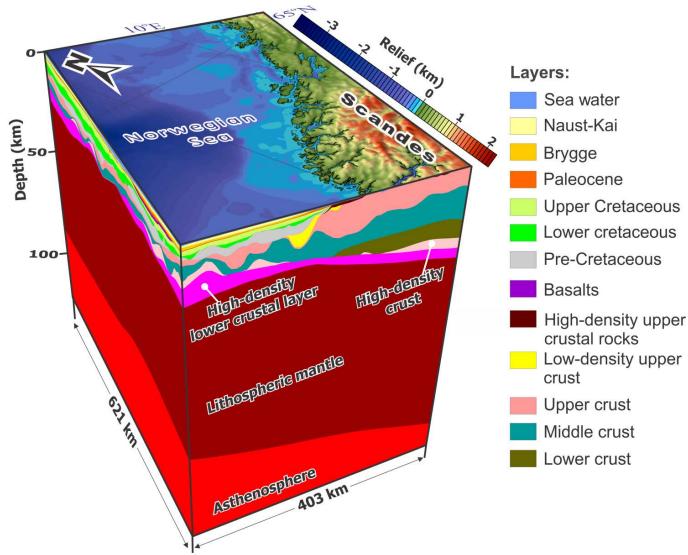


Determining heat production



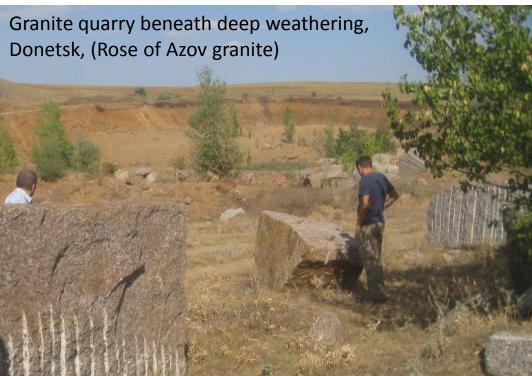
Slagstad 2012

3D density/structural model



Deep weathering analogues in the Ukrainian Shield



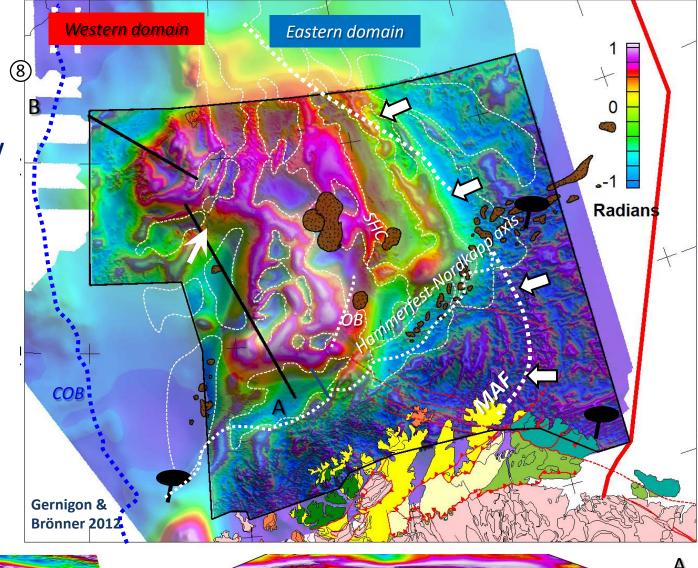


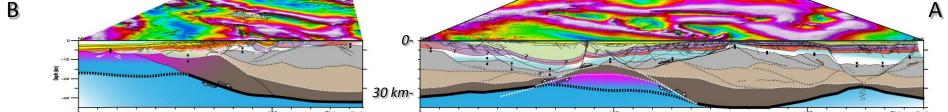
Borehole samples of deep weathering in Ukraine; limonite, silcrete, soap stone and clay containing kaolinite, smectite and hyalite.

BOOST - Barents Onshore-Offshore Structural and Thermal Modelling



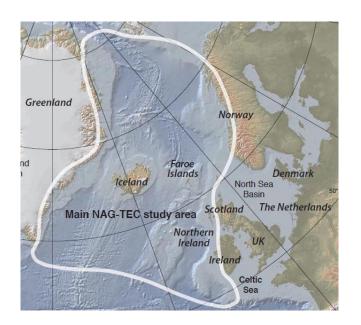
- Core drilling, Bjørnøya
- 3D crustal modelling
- 3D thermal modelling
- Geodynamic and tectonic interpretations

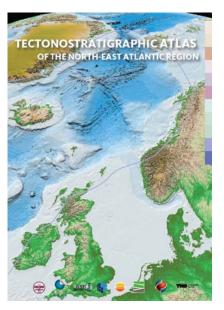




NAGTEC2:

Northeast Atlantic Geoscience - Tectonic Development Theme - PHASE 2





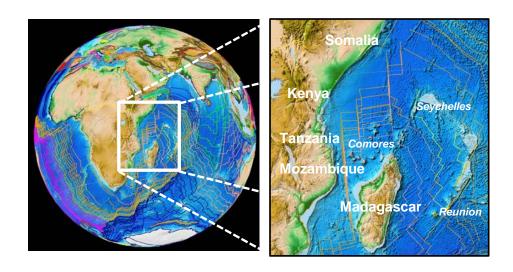
The development of the North-East Atlantic:

- from orogenic collapse (early-rift margin evolution),
- to the main extensional phases (structural and stratigraphic rift development),
- to breakup and active spreading (post-rift evolution)

Full Proposal available on demand. Contact: Gwenn Peron-Pinvidic – gwenn@ngu.no



TEAM: The East-Africa – East Antarctica/Madagascar rift system: influence of opening kinematics on rifted margin architecture



Reappraisal of the rift system in the light of new rifting concepts:

- Plate Kinematics (GPlates)
- Offshore Investigations (Detailed seismic interpretations)
- Dynamic Modelling (Numerical and Analogue)

Full Proposal available on demand. Contacts: Gwenn Peron-Pinvidic – gwenn@ngu.no Susanne Buiter – susanne.buiter@ngu.no





SFI – Petroleum Potential in Weathered and Fractured Basement

Initial ideas/concept

SFI

Unique conceptual and scientific approach (relevant to the industrial world!):

Dating landscapes and brittle deformation as part of a joint scientific effort!

Remote Field work sensing Geochemistry XRD analysis K-Ar analysis Field Particle size relationships analysis Micropaleontology Timing of Sample clay forming Petrography preparation process Structural geology Geomorphology Geophysics

Unique analytical toolbox at NGU!
State of the art laboratory, one of a kind in Europe. Room for improvement, synergy with Ar/Ar lab, new SEM, cooperation with nanolab at NTNU.

Uniquely multi-faceted team with nicely integrated expertises.



Contact: Jochen Knies (jochen.knies@ngu.no)

From Drilling report:

Basement:

Granite: pink to light red ...common hematite veinletes and hematite coatings to fracture surface

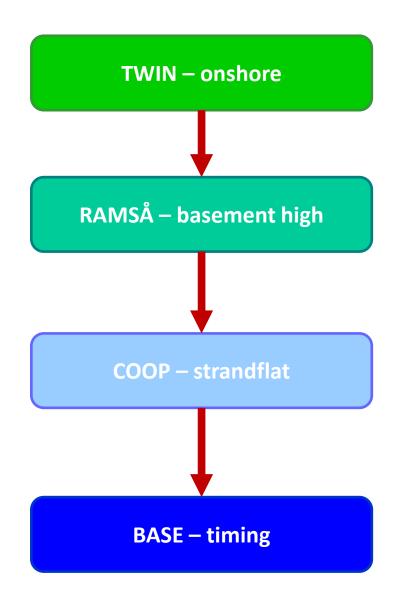
Sedimentary rocks:

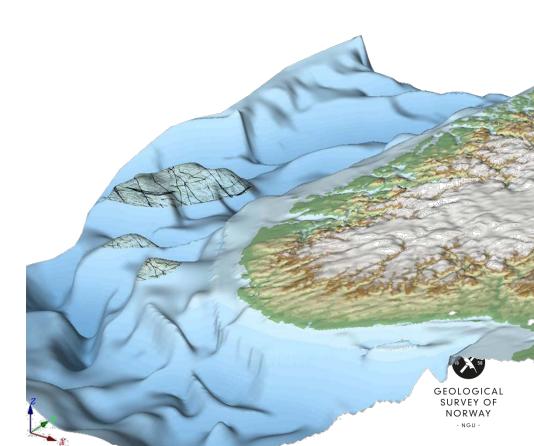
...basal part of the Triassic is characterised by increasing frequency of derived lithic fragments. ...Kaolinite, white blocky to angluar, moderately hard. (pers. comm. J.A. Øverland), NPD





NGU's projects on deep weathering





Why a SFI: The Rationale

- One common scientific goal of relevance to NGU,
 the partners and the national/international scientific community:
 - An integrated Earth-Science expertise platform for the development and implementation of innovative tools that maximize hydrocarbon exploration success rates in fractured and weathered basement offshore Norway (including the Barents Sea).
 - A new toolbox to date landscapes "hvordan ble landet til?"

• Implemented through:

An overarching research initiative of broad interest capable of producing individually-targeted solutions for each partner.



Why a SFI: The Rationale

• Resulting in:

- Innovation and value creation in the studied fields
- -Powerful synergies between innovative companies and prominent research groups
- -High quality scientific research
- -First-class international cooperation
- -Recruitment of talented researchers



SFI— What?

- Apply/develop/refine innovative conceptual and exploration tools for offshore hydrocarbon prospection in basement highs and nearby basins.
- Refine understanding of offshore plays through detailed analysis of onshore analogues.
- Establish a spatial and temporal framework for multiple episodes of deep weathering and faulting on- and offshore.
- Provide templates for improved exploration success rates.





More Information?

Contact: Jochen Knies (jochen.knies@ngu.no)